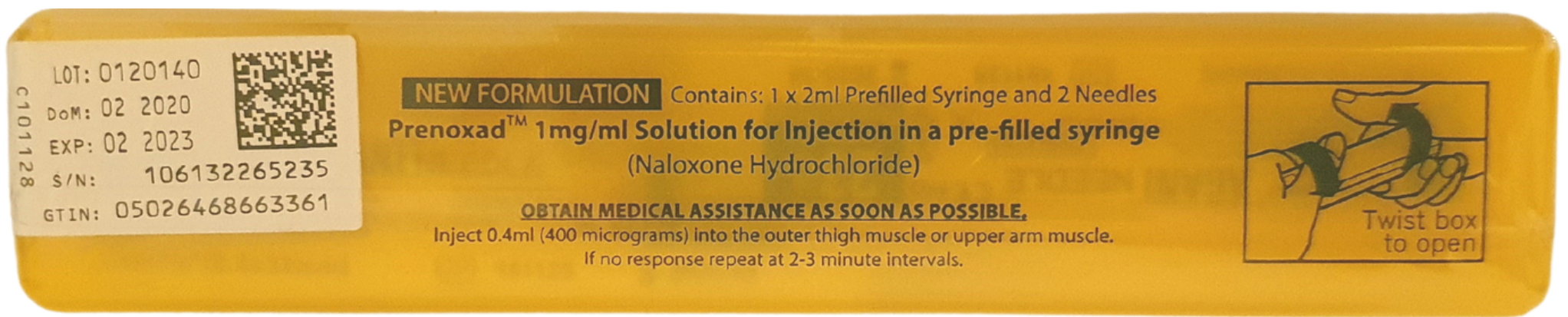


There were **1,092** opiate/opioid-related deaths in Scotland in 2019.



This is a **7%** increase on 2018 and a **119%** increase since 2009*.



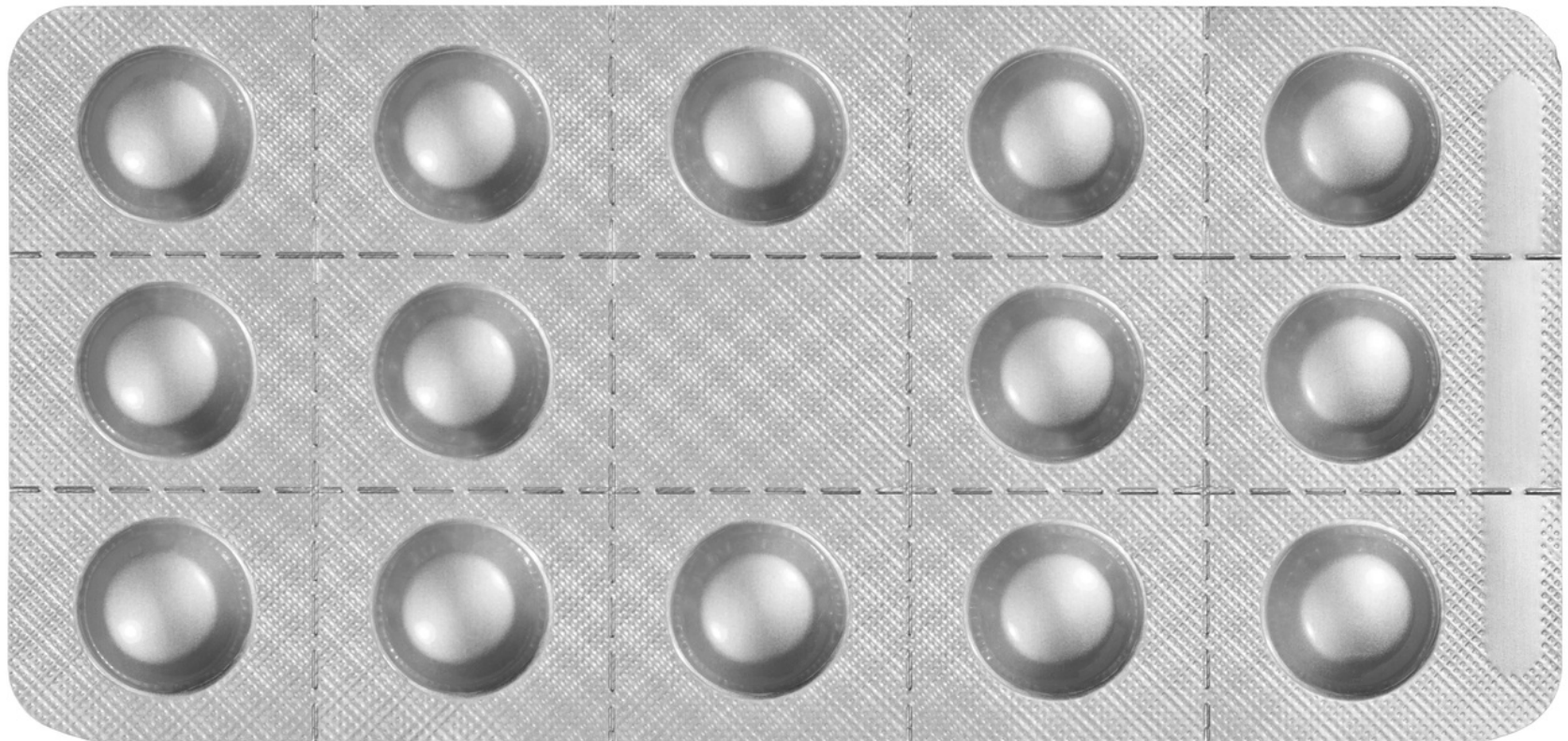
Naloxone is a life-saving medication that can temporarily reverse the effects of an opiate overdose.

If you or someone you know takes opiate drugs (e.g. heroin, methadone, tramadol) make sure you carry naloxone and know how to respond in an emergency - stay calm and call 999.

Anyone living in Scotland who is over the age of 16 can order a kit from Scottish Families Affected by Alcohol and Drugs:

www.sfad.org.uk/support-services/take-home-naloxone

There were 888 benzodiazepine-related deaths in Scotland in 2019.



This is a 12% increase on 2018 and 477% increase since 2009.

There were 365 cocaine-related deaths in Scotland in 2019.



This is a 34% increase on 2018 and a 1041% increase since 2009*.

www.crew.scot

*from 32



There were **25** ecstasy-type drug-related deaths in Scotland in 2019.



This is a **29%** decrease on 2018 but represents a **1150%** increase since 2009*.

**Mixing drugs (polydrug use)
increases the risk of each drug.**

**There was more than one drug
implicated in **86%** of deaths.**

**More than one drug was found to
be present in the body of **94%** of
people.**

In Scotland, **387** females died after taking drugs in 2019, **31%** of drug-related deaths.

This is a **18%** increase on 2018 and a **193%** increase since 2009*.

Drug-related deaths in males increased by **2%** since 2018, and **112%** since 2009**.